INTRODUCTORY NOTE

The annexes to the Official Records of the Economic and Social Council are published in separate fascicules, one for each agenda item. The present volume contains the complete series of the annexes to the Official Records of resumed eighteenth session.

A separate table of contents and a check list of relevant documents are given under each agenda item.

For the agenda of the resumed session and the general check list of all relevant documents, see Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Resumed Eighteenth Session, Prefatory fascicule.
## LIST OF FASCICULES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agenda item</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Confirmation of members of functional commissions of the Council.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 35          | Work of the Council in 1955:  
  (a) Basic programme for 1955: allocation of items to sessions;  
  (b) Establishment of dates for opening debate on items allocated to the March session. |
| 36          | Disposal of items arising out of the ninth regular session of the General Assembly. |
| 38          | Application from the Bulgarian People's Republic for membership in the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. |

CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/L.653</td>
<td>Question of the terms of reference of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission — Ecuador, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America: draft resolution</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/RESOLUTION (XVIII)/30</td>
<td>Resolution adopted by the Council at its 834th plenary meeting, on 16 December 1954</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check list of documents</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DOCUMENT E/L.653

Question of the terms of reference of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission

Ecuador, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America: draft resolution

[Original text: English]
[15 December 1954]

The Economic and Social Council

Noting that (1) the purposes for which the Economic, Employment and Development Commission was originally established are being increasingly fulfilled by existing United Nations agencies and (2) in particular, the problem of the economic advancement of under-developed countries is receiving increasing attention in agencies already established,

Considering that certain additional international organizational arrangements in the economic field are currently under consideration,

Recognizing that the re-establishment of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission might pose problems of co-ordination and lead to duplication of effort and dispersion of energies, and to possible disruption of activities in progress or on the point of being undertaken,

Decides not to re-establish the Economic, Employment and Development Commission.

DOCUMENT E/RESOLUTION (XVIII)/30

[Resolution 558 (XVIII)]

Resolution adopted by the Council at its 834th plenary meeting, on 16 December 1954

QUESTION OF THE TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE ECONOMIC, EMPLOYMENT AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

The Economic and Social Council,

Noting the report of the Secretary-General (E/2665),

Decides to defer consideration of the re-establishment of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission to the resumed twentieth session of the Council.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Observations and references</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/2623 and Add.1 to 3</td>
<td>Replies from Governments to a note verbale from the Secretary-General, dated 17 May 1954, on a permanent advisory commission on international commodity trade</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mimeographed documents only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/2665 and Corr.1</td>
<td>Question of the terms of reference of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission—Report of the Secretary-General under Council resolution 557 C I (XVIII)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Action deferred to the resumed twentieth session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.648</td>
<td>Election of members of the Commission on International Commodity Trade—Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mimeographed document only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.653</td>
<td>Question of the terms of reference of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission—Ecuador, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America; draft resolution</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.654</td>
<td>Question of the terms of reference of the Economic, Employment and Development Commission—Norway; draft resolution</td>
<td></td>
<td>Adopted without change. For the text, see (E/RESOLUTION (XVIII)/30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/RESOLUTION (XVIII)/30</td>
<td>Resolution adopted by the Council at its 834th plenary meeting, on 16 December 1954</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>See also Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Resumed Eighteenth Session, Supplement No. 1 A, resolution 558 (XVIII)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Agenda item 32. Confirmation of members of functional commissions of the Council

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Observations and references</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/2664 and Add.1 and 2</td>
<td>List of candidates for membership of functional commissions of the Council</td>
<td>Mimeographed documents only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Secretary-General has received from the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization the following communication regarding the inclusion of the subject of wood-pulp and paper in the provisional agenda for the nineteenth session of the Council.

"Rome, 23 October 1954

I have the honor to inform you that the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations desires to have the subject of wood-pulp and paper placed on the agenda of the nineteenth session of the Economic and Social Council.

The Council’s debate at the seventeenth session on the production and distribution of newsprint and printing paper covered certain aspects of the world’s pulp and paper problem but did not attempt to formulate policies with regard to the long-term development of productive capacity for pulp and its manifold products. During the course of the debate, the representative of the FAO referred to the report on the world pulp and paper resources which the seventh session of the FAO Conference asked me to transmit to the Economic and Social Council and which I now have the pleasure to present under the title “World Pulp and Paper Resources and Prospects”. This survey was prepared by the FAO in co-operation with the secretariats of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the Economic Commission for Europe and the Economic Commission for Latin America. This report contains a considerable amount of new information which I believe could serve as a useful background to the Council’s consideration of the world’s pulp and paper problem, in particular as it affects economic development. Moreover, the conference on the development of pulp and paper industries in Latin America, which FAO and ECLA are sponsoring in Buenos Aires this month, might raise further national and international policy issues.

These are the principal reasons which have prompted me to request inclusion of the subject of pulp and paper on the agenda of the nineteenth session of the Economic and Social Council, if possible. In addition, you are of course aware of the fact that such action by the Council would be in line with the earlier mentioned resolution of the FAO Conference, which reads:

"The Conference
Commends the Director-General and the heads of other agencies on their competent and comprehensive analysis of the world’s pulp and paper situation;

Requests the Director-General to transmit the full report to the Economic and Social Council together with the present resolution; and

Recommends

(i) That Governments in Latin America, Africa and the Far East and the Near East give active consideration to the establishment of new pulp and paper capacity, especially in light of the suggestions contained in FAO’s world survey and based on the findings of the Organization’s survey missions;

(ii) That Governments continue to explore, where desirable with FAO’s assistance, further prospects for new pulp and paper production centres, especially in view of the continuing increase in requirements that may be expected;

(iii) That Governments and private investors prior to engaging funds and efforts on the building of new factories, undertake thorough investigations in each case about prospective markets, production costs, suitability and continuity of the supply of raw materials and the availability of water, power, chemicals, communication facilities, etc., at reasonable cost."
"Invites the Director-General to continue his studies with regard to the world's pulp and paper developments, to assist Governments both under the regular programme and under ETAP in developing new pulp and paper capacity and to help them reduce in that connexion the risk of mis-investments through prior study and investigation."

"In accordance with the desire of members of the Economic and Social Council that sessional documents should be brief, I propose, if this item is accepted, to prepare and submit to the Council a brief document which will contain an outline of the survey and a short account of the conclusions of the conference on the development of pulp and paper industries being held in Buenos Aires this month.

"(Signed) P. V. Gardon
"Director-General"

DOCUMENT E/2667

Communication dated 5 November 1954 from the representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has received from the representative of the United States of America the following communication proposing the inclusion of the subject of development of international travel, its present increasing volume and future prospects, in the provisional agenda of the nineteenth session of the Economic and Social Council:

"New York, 5 November 1954

"The representative of the United States of America to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honor to advise that, under paragraph 1 (e) of rule 10 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council, the Government of the United States proposes the following item for inclusion in the agenda of the nineteenth session of the Economic and Social Council:

"Development of international travel, its present increasing volume and future prospects."

"The world volume of international travel has reached a point where it deserves consideration in the Economic and Social Council as a matter of current large economic significance and fruitful field for future development. Its present volume among countries of the Free World is estimated in the billions of dollars and in numerous areas it constitutes one of the principal invisible exports. It is estimated that the expenditures of travelers from the United States of America alone for temporary visits to foreign countries exceeded one billion dollars in 1953. The President of the United States, in a message to the Congress on March 30, 1954, called attention to the importance of international travel and to the desire of this Government to facilitate it in all practicable ways. A paper on this subject will be submitted by the United States for discussion by the Economic and Social Council."
UNITED NATIONS

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

OFFICIAL RECORDS

AGENDA ITEM 36
ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL
ANNEXES
RESUMED EIGHTEENTH SESSION
NEW YORK, 1954

Agenda item 36. Disposal of items arising out of the ninth regular session of the General Assembly

CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/L.646</td>
<td>Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check list of documents</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DOCUMENT E/L.646

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The attention of the Council is drawn to the resolutions listed below, which have been adopted by the General Assembly during its ninth regular session or are recommended by Committees for adoption by the General Assembly but have not yet been considered in plenary meeting.

2. Some of the resolutions relate to items already appearing in the draft lists of items proposed by the Secretary-General (E/L.647 and Corr.1) for consideration at the nineteenth and twentieth sessions of the Council; some require additional items. One could be dealt with at the current session. The remainder do not appear to require action by the Council during 1955.

I. Resolutions requiring action by the Council

(i) Recommendations concerning international respect for the right of peoples and nations to self-determination (General Assembly resolution 837 (IX))

This resolution in which the Commission on Human Rights is requested “to complete its recommendations concerning international respect for the right of peoples and nations to self-determination ... in order that the General Assembly may give them full and due consideration at its next session” requires action by the Commission on Human Rights at its eleventh session which opens on 31 March 1955. The Council may therefore wish to transmit the resolution to the Commission during the resumed eighteenth session.

(ii) International assistance to refugees within the mandate of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (General Assembly resolution 832 (IX))

This resolution has already been included by the Secretary-General as item 19 in the draft list of items for the nineteenth session (E/L.647 and Corr.1).

(iii) Draft convention on freedom of information (A/2877, draft resolution II)

In this resolution recommended by the Third Committee for adoption by the General Assembly the Council is requested “to discuss, at its nineteenth session, the draft convention on freedom of information and to formulate recommendations for the consideration of the General Assembly ...”. The Council is further requested “to continue its efforts on the technical level to promote freedom of information”.

It is suggested that the resolution be considered under item 12 of the agenda for the nineteenth session (E/L.647 and Corr.1).

(iv) Forced labour (A/C.3/L.456)

In this draft resolution, recommended by the Third Committee for adoption by the General Assembly, the Council and the International Labour Organisation are requested to continue their efforts towards the abolition of ... systems of forced labour which are employed as a means of political coercion or punishment for holding or expressing political views, and which are on such a scale as to constitute an important element in the economy of a given country.

It is suggested that the resolution be considered under item 14 of the agenda for the nineteenth session (E/L.647 and Corr.1).

(v) Programmes of technical assistance (General Assembly resolution 831 (IX))

This resolution, in which the Council is requested “to study the means of securing, where possible, contributions to the Expanded Programme on a continuing basis” could be dealt with under item 6 of the agenda for the twentieth session (E/L.647 and Corr.1).

(vi) Question of the establishment of a special United Nations fund for economic development (General Assembly resolution 822 (IX))

In resolution 822 (IX) the General Assembly “requests Mr. Scheyven to make to the Economic and Social Council, and the Council specially to consider at its twentieth session, such report as may then be possible on the results of his missions and to present his

1 Subsequently adopted as General Assembly resolution 840 (IX).

2 Subsequently adopted as General Assembly resolution 842 (IX).

Annexes (XVIII) 36
final report to the General Assembly at its tenth session ...”

In resolution 823 (IX) the General Assembly “requests the International Bank (a) to prepare draft statutes to govern the corporation ... and (d) to report on the results of its work to the Economic and Social Council at its twentieth session”.

Both these resolutions require consideration at the twentieth session and do not fall under any existing item. It is suggested that the reports arising from them be discussed under an additional item, to be inserted between items 5 and 6 of the agenda for the twentieth session (E/L.647 and Corr.1) and to read: “Financing of economic development”. Should the Council adopt this course, it is also suggested that it consider, under the same item, any report which may be submitted by the International Bank under Council resolution 532 B (XVIII), which at present appears under item 5 of the agenda for the nineteenth session (E/L.647 and Corr.1).

In connexion with this item, the Council may also wish to have before it the first issue of the annual reports on the international flow of private capital, to be prepared by the Secretary-General under General Assembly resolution 824 (IX).

(viii) Establishment of a world food reserve (General Assembly resolution 827 (IX))

This resolution, in which the General Assembly “requests the Secretary-General to invite the Food and Agriculture Organization ... to prepare a factual and comprehensive report ... for submission to the Economic and Social Council” does not fall under any existing item.

The report requested from FAO could not be made available in time for the nineteenth session.

(ix) International tax problems (General Assembly resolution 825 (IX))

Under this resolution the Secretary-General is requested “(a) with a view to accelerating the rate of economic development of under-developed countries, to continue his studies of the taxation by capital-exporting and capital-importing countries on the income from foreign investments, particularly those made in the under-developed countries, making use in such studies of an analysis of replies of Governments to his questionnaire concerning the taxation of foreign nationals, assets and transactions” ; and “(b) to submit his studies to the Economic and Social Council”.

The Secretary-General does not propose to report to the Council under this resolution before 1956.

II. RESOLUTIONS NOT CALLING FOR ACTION BY THE COUNCIL

(i) Land reform (General Assembly resolution 826 (IX))

(ii) Report of the Economic and Social Council (chapters II and III)

I. Full employment (General Assembly resolution 829 (IX))

II. Removal of obstacles to international trade and means of developing international economic relations (General Assembly resolution 830 (IX))

(iii) Draft international covenants on human rights (General Assembly resolution 833 (IX))

(iv) Technical assistance in freedom of information (A/2877, draft resolution I) 3

(v) Universal Children’s Day (General Assembly resolution 836 (IX))

(vi) Work of the Committee on Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories (General Assembly resolution 846 (IX))

In accordance with the above resolution, the report of the Committee will be communicated to the Council by the Secretary-General.

3 Subsequently adopted as General Assembly resolution 839 (IX).

---

**CHECK LIST OF DOCUMENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/L.646</td>
<td>Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.647 and Corr.1</td>
<td>Draft programme prepared by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>Mimeographed document only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Printed in Canada  Q—4465—April 1955—1,950
Agenda item 38. Application from the Bulgarian People's Republic for membership in the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/2642</td>
<td>Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/RESOLUTION (XVIII)/29</td>
<td>Resolution adopted by the Council at its 831st plenary meeting, on 5 November 1954</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Check list of documents... 3

DOCUMENT E/2642

Note by the Secretary-General

[Original text: English and French]

[29 July 1954]

"The General Conference of UNESCO will hold its eighth session from 12 November to 11 December 1954. It will not meet again until 1956. The Executive Board of UNESCO will meet a few days before the eighth session of the General Conference.

"Therefore, consideration by the Economic and Social Council at its present session of the application of the Bulgarian People's Republic is necessary to enable the General Conference of UNESCO to take up this matter at its forthcoming session."

LETTER DATED 28 JULY 1955 FROM THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

28 July 1954

I have the honour to inform you that I have received an application dated 21 July 1954 from the Government of the Bulgarian People's Republic for membership of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

I enclose a copy of this application, and I should be grateful if you would cause it to be laid before the Economic and Social Council at its current eighteenth session.

This application was received at a date which precluded its submission before consideration by the Council of the provisional agenda for its eighteenth session, but its consideration is nevertheless urgent, and I attach a statement in support of my request.

I should very much appreciate it, therefore, if the Economic and Social Council, acting in accordance with rule 17 of its rules of procedure, would consider the possibility of adding this item to its agenda and of taking it up during its current session.

(Signed) Luther H. Evans
Director-General

Annexes (XVIII) 38
On the instructions of the Government of the People's Republic of Bulgaria, I have the honour to submit to you the request of the People's Republic of Bulgaria to be admitted to membership of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

May I, in submitting this request, inform Your Excellency that the People's Republic of Bulgaria subscribes to the same purposes and principles as UNESCO, and desires actively to co-operate in giving effect to those purposes and principles and thus contribute to easing international tension and establishing lasting peace.

Since the establishment of the People's Government in Bulgaria, the Government has undertaken large-scale educational reforms and democratized education. The People's Government has made great efforts to develop science, education, letters, the arts and cultural institutions. The network of schools has been greatly expanded. Eight hundred and two new school buildings have been built. The number of secondary schools has doubled. Seventy-seven evening secondary and technical schools have been opened, thus enabling the Bulgarian workers to continue their studies without giving up their work. In addition, special schools have been created for physically or mentally afflicted children — deaf-mutes, blind and retarded children — the entire cost of such schools being borne by the State. Twenty-three teachers' training schools and institutes have been organized to provide teaching staff. The costs of schools for the training and education of Bulgarian citizens of foreign origin are borne entirely by the State. The number of Turkish schools, which stood at 404 in 1944, is now 1,116. Three Turkish teachers' training schools have been created to provide teaching staff. The already existing higher educational institutions have been re-organized and new ones have been established. There are now 20 higher educational institutions in Bulgaria, with 42 schools or faculties and 150 subjects on the curriculum, at which over 30,000 students are pursuing their studies. Correspondence courses have been introduced, so that higher education is available to wider sections of the Bulgarian population. During the last school year 45 per cent of the students were holders of State scholarships.

Bulgaria has concluded cultural conventions with several countries, which provide for the exchange of material and experience in the field of science, the arts and culture, and deal with the preparation of school text-books, the organization of museums, exchanges of visits between scholars, students, artists, writers, painters, musicians and representatives of the theatres, and exchanges of literary works, films, etc.

Culture, science, the arts and the systems of education and training in the People's Republic of Bulgaria serve the interests of peace and co-operation between peoples. On 25 December 1950 the National Assembly of Workers' Deputies in Bulgaria adopted a law for the safeguarding of peace, which prohibits war propaganda in any form and proclaims such propaganda to be the most serious crime against peace and the nations.

All these achievements, thus briefly enumerated, are convincing proof that the Bulgarian Government is helping, and in the future, when Bulgaria has been admitted to membership of UNESCO will help even further, to safeguard peace and security by promoting, through education, science and culture, co-operation between nations so as to ensure the universal respect for justice, for the law and for the human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion which the United Nations Charter recognizes as belonging to all the peoples, and to achieve the aims and purposes of UNESCO.

Having declared on behalf of the Bulgarian Government that the Bulgarian Government recognizes the fundamental principles of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, that it fully recognizes its Constitution and undertakes to assume all the obligations imposed by the Constitution on the members of the Organization, I have the honour to request you to be good enough to take all the necessary steps for the People's Republic of Bulgaria to be admitted to membership of UNESCO.

(Signed) Dr. Mintcho Neitchev
Minister of Foreign Affairs

DOCUMENT E/RESOLUTION (XVIII)/29
[Resolution 559 (XVIII)]

Resolution adopted by the Council at its 831st plenary meeting, on 5 November 1954

Application from the People's Republic of Bulgaria for membership in the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the application for the admission of the People's Republic of Bulgaria to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, transmitted by that Organization to the Council in accordance with article II of the Agreement between the United Nations and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization,

Decides to inform the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization that it has no objection to the admission of the People's Republic of Bulgaria to that Organization.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Observations and references</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/2642</td>
<td>Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Adopted without change. For</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.650</td>
<td>Czechoslovakia: draft resolution</td>
<td></td>
<td>the text see E/RESOLUTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/RESOLUTION</td>
<td>Resolution adopted by the Council at its 831st plenary meeting,</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>See also Official Records of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(XVIII)/29</td>
<td>on 5 November 1954</td>
<td></td>
<td>the Economic and Social</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Council, Resumed Eighteenth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Session, Supplement No. 1 A,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>resolution 559 (XVIII)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Printed in Canada  Q—4345—April 1955—1,950

CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/2657</td>
<td>Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.651</td>
<td>Czechoslovakia: draft resolution</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check list of documents</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DOCUMENT E/2657

Note by the Secretary-General

[Original text: English and French] [18 October 1954]

1. In accordance with article II of the Agreement between the United Nations and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the Secretary-General of the United Nations has received from the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization a letter informing him that the People’s Republic of Albania has submitted an application to become a member of the organization.

2. The letter from the Director-General and the application from the People’s Republic of Albania accompanying it are attached.

3. The statement of urgency mentioned in the letter reads as follows:

“Article II of the Agreement between the United Nations and UNESCO reads as follows:

‘Admission of States not Members of the United Nations

‘Applications submitted by States not Members of the United Nations for admission to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization shall be immediately transmitted by the secretariat of the Organization to the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations... The Council may recommend the rejection of such applications and any such recommendation shall be accepted by the Organization. If, within six months of the receipt of an application by the Council, no such recommendation has been made, the application shall be dealt with according to article II, paragraph 2, of the Constitution of the Organization.’

‘Article II, paragraph 2, of the Constitution of UNESCO reads as follows:

‘Subject to the conditions of the Agreement between this Organization and the United Nations Organization, approved pursuant to article X of this Constitution, States not Members of the United Nations Organization may be admitted to membership of the Organization, upon recommendation of the Executive Board, by a two-thirds majority vote of the General Conference.’

“The General Conference of UNESCO will hold its eighth session from 12 November to 11 December 1954. It will not meet again until 1956. The Executive Board of UNESCO will meet a few days before the eighth session of the General Conference.

“Therefore, consideration by the Economic and Social Council at its resumed eighteenth session of the application of the People’s Republic of Albania is necessary to enable the General Conference of UNESCO to take up this matter at its forthcoming session.”

LETTER DATED 12 OCTOBER 1954 FROM THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

Paris, 12 October 1954

I have the honour to inform you that I have received an application dated 6 October 1954 from the People's Republic of Albania for membership of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

I enclose a copy of this application, and I should be grateful if you would cause it to be laid before the Economic and Social Council at its resumed eighteenth session for urgent consideration. I attach a statement in support of my request.

I should very much appreciate it, therefore, if the Economic and Social Council, acting in accordance with rule 17 of its rules of procedure, would consider the possibility of adding this item to its agenda and of taking it up during its resumed session.

(Signed) Luther H. Evans

Director-General

Annexes (XVIII) 39
LETTER DATED 6 OCTOBER 1954 FROM THE LEGATION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF ALBANIA IN FRANCE TO THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

Paris, 6 October 1954

I have the honour to inform you that I am authorized by my Government to communicate to you the following:

The Government of the People's Republic of Albania, in pursuance of its policy of peace and international co-operation, has decided to request the admission of the People's Republic of Albania to membership of UNESCO.

The Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares its readiness to comply with the Constitution of the Organization, to accept the obligations which it entails and to share in the Organization's expenses.

In submitting this application, in conformity with rule 92 of the rules of procedure of the General Conference, the Government of the People's Republic of Albania requests the Director-General to make the necessary arrangements for it to be placed on the agenda of the next session of the General Conference, which opens at Montevideo on 12 November 1954.

(Signed) Shemsi TOTOZANI
Minister

DOCUMENT E/L.651

Czechoslovakia: draft resolution

[Original text: English]
[11 November 1954]

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the application for the admission of the People's Republic of Albania to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, transmitted by that Organization to the Economic and Social Council in accordance with article II of the Agreement between the United Nations and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization,

Decides to inform the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization that it has no objection to the admission of the People's Republic of Albania to that Organization.

CHECK LIST OF DOCUMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E/2657</td>
<td>Note by the Secretary-General</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E/L.651</td>
<td>Czechoslovakia: draft resolution</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Printed in Canada